Fact Sheet 2015

National Park Service U.S. Department of the Interior

Sequoia and Kings Canyon **National Parks**



Superintendent Woody Smeck

Important Dates

September 25, 1890: Sequoia National Park established October 1, 1890: General Grant National Park established

April 28, 1926: President Calvin Coolidge designated the General Grant Tree the "Nation's Christmas Tree"

July 3, 1926: Great Western Divide, Kern Canyon, and Mt. Whitney added to Sequoia National Park March 4, 1940: Kings Canyon National Park established, General Grant National Park abolished

March 29, 1956: The General Grant Tree designated a national living shrine in honor of the men and women of

the Armed Forces who have served, fought, and died to keep America free

August 6, 1965: Cedar Grove and Tehipite Valley added to Kings Canyon National Park

November 10, 1978: Mineral King added to Sequoia National Park

September 28, 1984: Sequoia and Kings Canyon Wilderness designated and Chimney Rock added to

Kings Canyon National Park

December 4, 2001: Dillonwood Grove added to Sequoia National Park

March 30, 2009: John Krebs Wilderness designated and an expansion of acreage added to the Sequoia-Kings

Canyon Wilderness

March 4, 2015: 75th Anniversary of Kings Canyon National Park September 25, 2015: 125th Anniversary of Sequoia National Park

August 25, 2016: Centennial (100th) Anniversary of the National Park Service (Two-vear celebration)

++ Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks have been jointly-administered since 1943

Acres

Kings Canyon National Park: 461,901 acres 722 square miles Sequoia National Park: 404,063 acres 631 square miles Total: 865,964 acres 1,353 square miles

Wilderness Acres Total designated and managed as wilderness: 837,594 acres /1,310 square miles (96.7% of the parks).

Designated wilderness only: 808,078 acres / 1,263 square miles (93.3% of the parks).

Combined Visitation

1,541,405* (2014) - This includes a 14.3% increase in visitation at Sequoia National Park.

Base Budget

\$16,738,000 (October 1, 2014 - September 30, 2015)

NPS Staffing

Permanent: 230 (Varies) Temporary: 350 (Varies)

Volunteers: 1,275 volunteers contributed 41,389 hours work (October 1, 2013 - September 30, 2014)

Campgrounds and Picnic Areas Make campground reservations at <u>www.recreation.gov</u> or call 877-444-6777.

Park Roads

Secondary (unpaved) 24 miles (38 km)

Trails Total: 826 miles (1,329 km)

275 caves, cumulative length of 35 miles Caves

Wild and Scenic Rivers Kern River: North Fork (28.9 miles designated "Wild") Kings River: Middle Fork (29.5 miles designated "Wild")

South Fork (24.1 miles designated "Wild" and 7.6 miles designated "Recreational")

Average Annual Precipitation

Ash Mountain: 26.8 in. total precipitation (2.5 in. snow depth) Wettest Months: 45.8 in. total precipitation (244.1 in. snow depth) Lodgepole: January, February, and March Grant Grove: 42.4 in. total precipitation (187.2 in. snow depth)

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Total:	331	Native Species	32	Non-native Species	<u>363</u>	TOTAL
Reptiles:	24	native	0	non-native	24	total
Mammals:	83	native	6	non-native	89	total
Fish:	8	native	13	non-native	21	total
Birds:	204	native	12	non-native	216	total
Amphibians:	12	native	1	non-native	13	total

^{*} Includes all species present, of unknown status, or extirpated in the park. (No longer exists in these parks but continue to exist elsewhere.)

Federal Listing Extirpated species: 3 (Foothill yellow-legged frog, grizzly bear, tundra swan)

Federal endangered species: 3 (Sierra Nevada bighorn sheep, mountain yellow-legged frog,

Sierra Nevada yellow-legged frog)

Federal threatened species: 2 (Little Kern golden trout, Yosemite toad)

Candidate species: 1 (fisher)

Plants

Total species & sub-species of vascular plants: 1,551 (26 deciduous tree species, 24 evergreen tree species)

Giant Sequoia Statistics

Largest grove in Kings Canyon NP.... Redwood Mountain: 2,558 acres
Largest grove in Sequoia NP..... Giant Forest: 2,312 acres

Current best estimates are that roughly one-third of all naturally-occurring sequoias grow in

Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks.

Interesting Facts

-Sequoia National Park is the second-oldest national park in the U.S. (Yellowstone is oldest.)

-In 1903, Captain Charles Young led the Buffalo Soldiers and oversaw operations in Sequoia and

General Grant national parks. He was the first African-American superintendent (acting) of a national park. -Three of the top 10 oldest tree species in the world live here: giant sequoia (*Sequoiadendron giganteum*)-

3,266 yrs., western juniper (Juniperus occidentalis)-2,675 yrs., and foxtail pine (Pinus balfouriana)-2,123 yrs.

Points of Interest (in alphabetical order by park)

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		<u>Feet</u>	Meters		
Sequoia	Lowest point in the parks: Middle Fork, Kaweah River (below Park Headquarters)	1,370	417.58		
	Crystal Cave	4,540	1,383.8		
	Foothills Visitor Center/Ash Mountain Headquarters	1,720	524.26		
	General Sherman Tree	6,906	2,104.9		
	Giant Forest Museum	6,409	1,953.5		
	Hospital Rock Picnic Area	2,684	818.08		
	Lodgepole Village	6,720	2,048.3		
	Mineral King Ranger Station	7,580	2,310.4		
	Moro Rock	6,725	2,049.8		
	Mt. Whitney	*14,494	*4,417.8		
	Pear Lake Ski Hut	9,200	2,804.2		
	Wuksachi Lodge	7,057	2,151		
	Highest point along Generals Highway: Big Baldy Saddle	7,600	2,316.5		
	*Highest point in contiguous United States. Exact elevation under debate pending ongoing study/				

Kings Canyon

 General Grant Tree
 6,355
 1,937

 Grant Grove Village
 6,589
 2,008.3

 Panoramic Point
 7,500
 2,286

More Info

Visit www.nps.gov/seki or call 559-565-3341.

Cedar Grove Village

4,635

1,412.7

Elevation

^{*} Dillonwood-Garfield Grove may exceed this; studies needed.